

Shanghai Liangxin Electrical Co., Ltd.

NDM2Z-125 Product Specification

(IPD-ENG-DEV-T20 A1 2016-09-23)

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|------------------|-----|------|------------|
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| Approved by | 丁飞 | Date | 2021-09-30 |

| Revision History | | | | | |
|------------------|--|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Version | Revision Reason/Content | Implementati on Date | Prepared by | Reviewe d by | Approve d by |
| 0 | Newly added | 5/8/2020 | Wang Hu | Peng Haorang | Hu Qi |
| 1 | Update the product appearance picture and product dimension outline drawing | 30/9/2021 | Sun Lanping | Xiao Botao | Ding Fei |
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1. Applicable Scope and Purpose of Circuit Breaker

The NDM2Z-125 DC molded case circuit breaker (hereinafter referred to as circuit breaker) applies to the DC system application environment and the electric circuit with the working voltage of DC250V and the working current of 125A. With the overload, short circuit and undervoltage protection functions, the circuit breaker can protect lines and power equipment from damage.

2. Product Picture of Circuit Breaker (The picture is for reference only; the specific kind prevail)



Picture of the Product

3. Specification and Model Description of Circuit Breaker

| $\frac{\text{ND}}{1}$ | $\frac{\text{M}}{2}$ | $\frac{2}{3}$ | $\frac{\text{Z}}{4} - \frac{125}{5}$ | $\frac{\square}{6} / \frac{\square}{7}$ | $\frac{\square}{8}$ | $\frac{\square}{9}$ | $\frac{\square}{10}$ | $\frac{\square}{11}$ |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| SN | SN name | | NDM2Z | | | | | |
| 1 | Enterprise code | | ND: “Nader” low-voltage apparatus | | | | | |
| 2 | Product code | | M: Molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) | | | | | |
| 3 | Design SN | | 2 | | | | | |
| 4 | Derived code of the series | | Z: DC (ZX: Small housing DC) | | | | | |
| 5 | Shell frame level | | 125 | | | | | |
| 6 | Operation mode | | No code: Direct handle-operated mode | | | | | |
| | | | P: Motor-operated | | | | | |
| | | | Z: Rotation handle | | | | | |
| 7 | Number of poles | | 2, 3 | | | | | |
| 8 | Release code | | 0: Release (none) | | | | | |
| | | | 2: Instantaneous tripper only | | | | | |
| | | | 3: Complex tripper | | | | | |
| 9 | Accessory code | | See Table 1 | | | | | |
| 10 | Rated current | | See Table 2 | | | | | |
| 11 | Cabling type | | No code: Normal product | | | | | |
| | | | P: Connection busbar | | | | | |
| | | | Z1: Rear-plate connection | | | | | |
| | | | Z2Q: Plug-in front-plate connection | | | | | |
| | | | Z2H: Plug-in rear-plate connection | | | | | |

Table 1: Comparison Table of Accessory Code:

| Accessory code | | Accessory name | Installation Position | Model | Number of poles | NDM2Z-125 |
|----------------|--|--|-----------------------|-------|-----------------|-----------|
| | | | | | | 2、3 |
| 00 | | N/A | | | | — |
| 10 | | Shunt release | | | | |
| 20 | | Dual-auxiliary contact | | | | |
| 21 | | Single auxiliary contact | | | | |
| 30 | | Under-voltage release | | | | |
| 40 | | Shunt release, dual-auxiliary contact | | | | |
| 41 | | Shunt release, single auxiliary contact | | | | |
| 50 | | Shunt release, under-voltage release | | | | |
| 60 | | Two sets of dual-auxiliary contacts | | | | |
| 61 | | Two sets of single auxiliary contacts | | | | |
| 62 | | Dual-auxiliary contact, single auxiliary contact | | | | |
| 70 | | Under-voltage release, dual-auxiliary contact | | | | |
| 71 | | Under-voltage release, single auxiliary contact | | | | |
| 08 | | Alarm contact | | | | |
| 18 | | Shunt release, alarm contact | | | | |
| 28 | | Dual-auxiliary contact, alarm contact | | | | |
| 38 | | Under-voltage release, alarm contact | | | | |
| 48 | | Shunt release, auxiliary alarm contact | | | | |
| 58 | | Auxiliary alarm contact | | | | |
| 68 | | Dual-auxiliary contact, auxiliary alarm contact | | | | |
| 78 | | Under-voltage release, auxiliary alarm contact | | | | |

4. Main Technical Parameters of Circuit Breaker

Table 2 Main Technical Parameters of Circuit Breaker

| Model | | | NDM2Z-125 | | NDM2ZX-125 |
|--|-----------------|------------------------|--|----|------------|
| Rated current of frame Inm (A) | | | 125 | | |
| Rated current In (A) | | | 16, 20, 25, 32, 40, 50, 63, 80, 100, 125 | | |
| Rated insulation voltage Ui (AC V) | | | 1000 | | |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage Uimp (V) | | | 8000 | | |
| Power frequency withstand voltage U (1min) (V) | | | 3500 | | |
| Utilization category | | | A | | |
| Rated working voltage Ue (DC V) | | | 250 | | |
| Number of poles | | | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Rated limit short-circuit breaking capacity Icu (kA) | | | 35 | 35 | 35 |
| Rated operating short-circuit breaking capacity Ics (kA) | | | 35 | 35 | 35 |
| Operating performance (times) | Electrical life | | 1500 | | |
| | Mechanical life | Maintainable free life | 8500 | | |
| | | Maintainable life | 17000 | | |

4.1 Selection of the circuit breaker connecting bus or cable cross-section area:

Table 3 Selection of the NDM2Z-125 Connecting Bus or Cable Cross-section Area

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------|-----|-----|--------|----|----|-----|-----|
| Rated current (A) | 16, 20 | 25 | 32 | 40, 50 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 |
| Wire cross-section area (mm ²) | 2.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 35 | 50 |

4.2 Tightening Torque of the Circuit Breaker Terminal and Mounting Screw

Table 4 Tightening Torque of the Circuit Breaker Terminal and Mounting Screw

| Model | Thread diameter (mm) | Torque (N·m) |
|-----------|----------------------|--------------|
| NDM2Z-125 | M8 | 12 |
| | M4 | 2.4 |

4.3 Derating factor of temperature change for the circuit breaker

Table 5 Derating Factor Table of Temperature Change for the Circuit Breaker

| Model | Derating factor of product temperature change | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| NDM2Z-125 | Temperature (°C) | 40 | 45 | 50 | 55 | 60 | 65 | 70 |
| | Derating factor | 1 | 0.977 | 0.954 | 0.931 | 0.907 | 0.883 | 0.858 |

Note: 1) When the operating ambient temperature is below +40°C, the product can be used normally without derating capacity.

2) The above derating factors are measured at the frame current.

4.4 High-altitude derating factor of the circuit breaker

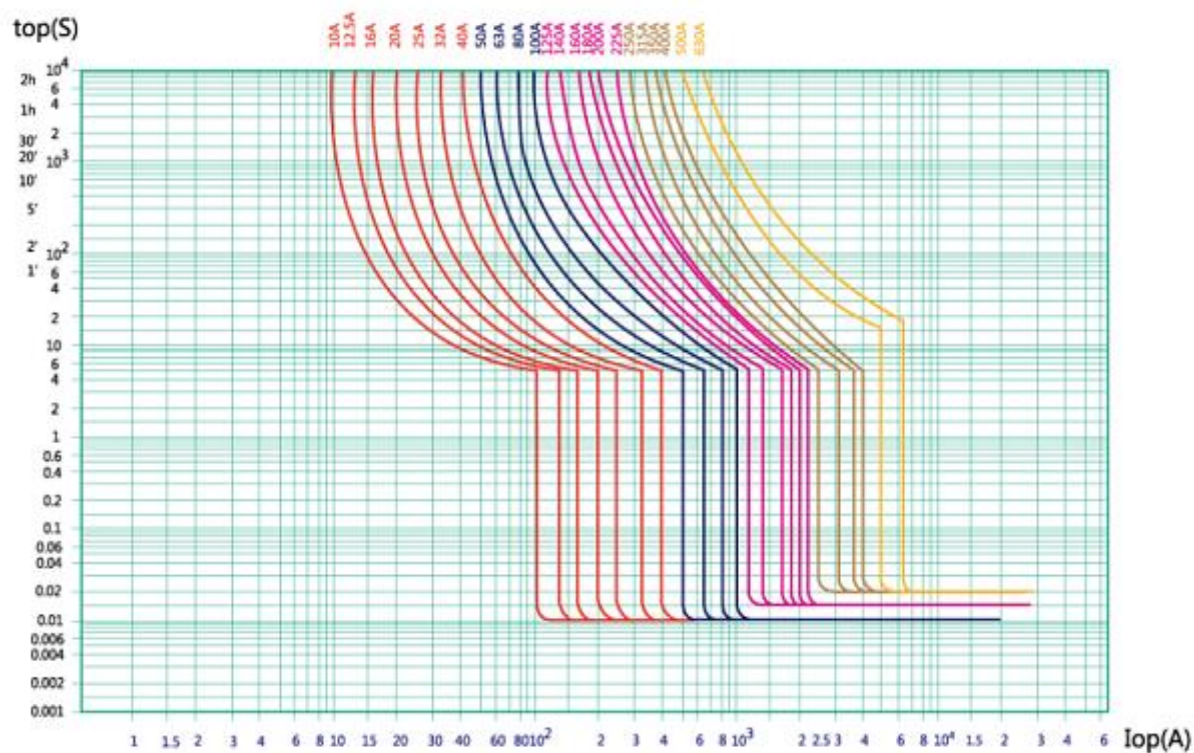
Table 6 High-altitude Derating Factor Table of Circuit Breaker

| Elevation (m) | Working current correction coefficient | Power frequency withstand voltage correction coefficient | Isolation voltage correction coefficient |
|---------------|--|--|--|
| 2000 | 1 | 3500 | 1000 |
| 2500 | 1 | 3500 | 1000 |
| 3000 | 0.98 | 3150 | 900 |
| 3500 | 0.97 | 3000 | 850 |
| 4000 | 0.95 | 2800 | 810 |
| 4500 | 0.94 | 2650 | 770 |
| 5000 | 0.93 | 2500 | 730 |

5. Normal Working Environment of Circuit Breaker

- 1) The altitude of the installation site doesn't exceed 2,500m. See the "High-altitude Derating Factor Table of Circuit Breaker" for the derating factor at the altitude;
- 2) The ambient temperature is $-35^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +70^{\circ}\text{C}$; the average within 24 h shall not be more than $+35^{\circ}\text{C}$. If the ambient temperature is higher than $+40^{\circ}\text{C}$, the user needs to reduce the capacity. See the "Derating Factor Table of Temperature Change for the Circuit Breaker" for the derating factor;
- 3) Its relative humidity at an ambient temperature of $+40^{\circ}\text{C}$ should not exceed 50%. A higher relative humidity is allowed at a lower temperature. For example, the relative humidity at 20°C can reach 90%; for frost due to temperature change, the corresponding measures should be taken;
- 4) The product can withstand the effects of wet air, salt mist, oil mist and mould;
- 5) The installation category of the circuit breaker connected to the main loop is: Category III (power distribution and control level), The installation category of the circuit breaker not connected to the main loop is: Category II (load level);
- 6) The pollution level is Level 3;
- 7) The product should be installed in places that are free from explosive media, media corrosive to metal, insulation damaging gas, and conductive dust, which should be also avoided from snow and rain;
- 8) In case of stricter user conditions than the above description, negotiate with the manufacturer.

6. Short-circuit Overload Protection Characteristic Curve of Circuit Breaker



Time/Current Characteristic Curve

7.2 Safe mounting distance of circuit breaker

Table 7 Insulation Distance Mounted in the Metal Cabinet (Unit: mm)

| Mounting distance | A (inlet wire end to the cabinet face) | | B (distance from side to the cabinet face) | C (outlet wire end to the cabinet face) |
|-------------------|--|--------------------------|--|---|
| Model | With a terminal cover | Without a terminal cover | | |
| NDM2Z-125 | 25 | 65 | 30 | 30 |
| NDM2ZX-125 | 25 | 65 | 30 | 30 |

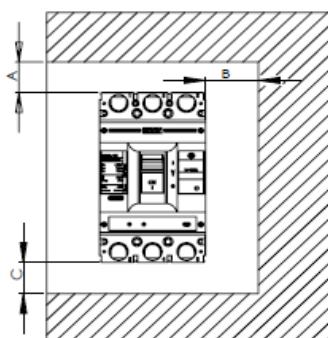


Table 8 Minimum Center Distance between Rowed Circuit Breakers (Unit: mm)

| Model | Width of circuit breaker | | I Center distance | |
|------------|--------------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|
| | 2 poles | 3 poles | 2 poles | 3 poles |
| NDM2Z-125 | 92 | 92 | 122 | 122 |
| NDM2ZX-125 | 64 | / | 108 | / |

Note: Check the connected busbar or cable during rowing or stacking of the circuit breaker to ensure that the air insulation distance won't be reduced.

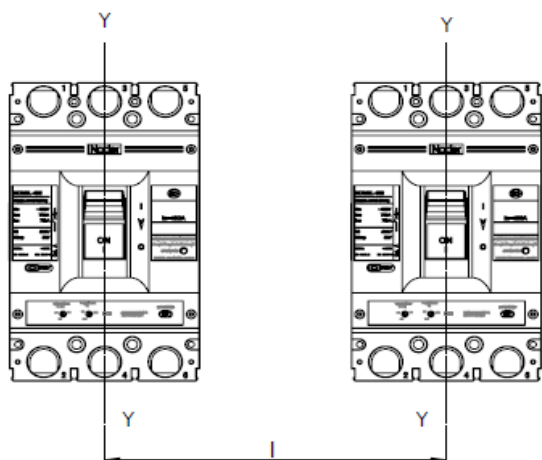


Table 9 Minimum Center Distance between Stacked Circuit Breakers (Unit: mm)

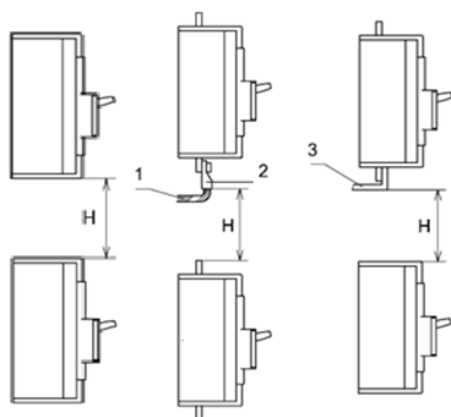
| Model | H (distance of circuit breaker from bottom) | |
|------------|---|--------------------------|
| | With a terminal cover | Without a terminal cover |
| NDM2Z-125 | 90 | 91 |
| NDM2ZX-125 | 90 | 91 |

Note: 1) Bare cable connection

2) Cable insulating connection

3) Connection without insulation

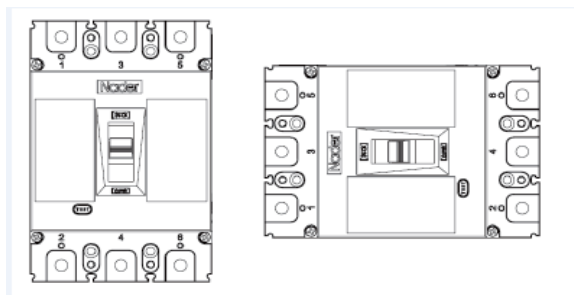
Requirements: Check whether the terminal cover or phase partition is assembled properly before products are energized.



8. Installation Direction of Circuit Breaker

For vertical installation of the product, the gradient between the installation surface and the vertical plane is no more than $\pm 22.5^\circ$.

Horizontal installation of the product.



Vertical Installation

Horizontal Installation

9. Packaging and Storage of Circuit Breaker

Minimum packaging quantity: 1 piece/box. The packaged products should be stored in a warehouse with the air ventilation and the relative humidity no more than 80% when the ambient temperature is $-40^{\circ}\text{C}\sim+75^{\circ}\text{C}$. No acidic alkaline or other corrosive gas exists in the ambient air in the warehouse. Under the conditions above, the storage period shall be no more than three years since the manufacturing date.

10. Installation Accessory List of Circuit Breaker

| SN | Name | Specification | NDM2Z quantity/set | NDM2ZX quantity/set |
|----|----------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Cross small pan-head screw | M4×45 | 4 | 2 |
| 2 | Hexagon nut | M4 | 4 | 2 |
| 3 | Spring washer | 4 | 4 | 2 |
| 4 | Plain washer | 4 | 4 | 2 |
| 5 | Phase partition | —— | 4 | 2 |

11. Circuit Breaker Notes

- 1) Various characteristics and accessories of the circuit breaker are set in the factory. The circuit breaker, tripping unit or other accessories can only be adjusted, installed and maintained by the trained or qualified professionals according to the parameter requirements of the line design;
- 2) Ensure that the power supply is off before installing or removing any device;
- 3) The circuit breaker handle can be located in three positions, indicating three states: on, off and free tripping. When the handle is in the free tripping position, pull the handle in the off direction when the circuit breaker is connected and on.