

Shanghai Liangxin Electrical Co., Ltd.

NDM2E-630 Product Specification

(IPD-ENG-DEV-T20 A1 2016-09-23)

Prepared by	孙兰萍	Date	2021-09-28
Reviewed by	李阳	Date	2021-09-30
Countersigned by	胡琪	Date	2021-09-30
Approved by	丁飞	Date	2021-09-30

Revision History					
Version	Revision Reason/Content	Implementati on Date	Prepared by	Reviewe d by	Approve d by
0	Newly added	5/8/2020	Wang Hu	Peng Haorang	Hu Qi
1	Update the product appearance picture and product dimension outline drawing	30/9/2021	Sun Lanping	Li Yang	Ding Fei

## 1. Applicable Scope and Purpose of Circuit Breaker

The NDM2E-630 series of electronic molded case circuit breakers (hereinafter referred to as circuit breakers) apply to infrequent switching of circuits with the AC 50Hz, the working voltage of AC400V and working current of 630A as well as infrequent motor starting. With the overload, short circuit and undervoltage protection functions, the circuit breaker can protect lines and power equipment from damage. The NDM2E circuit breaker can provide modules with the communication function, which can make the original circuit breaker upgrade to the communication circuit breaker conveniently, thus realizing "Four remotes" functions, namely, remote control, remote adjustment, remote measuring and remote measurement.

## 2. Product Picture of Circuit Breaker (The picture is for reference only; the specific kind prevail)

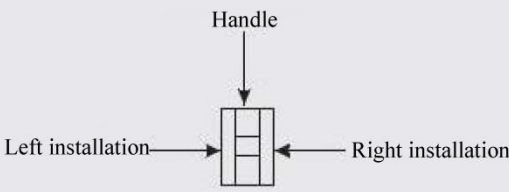









































Picture of the Product

### 3. Specification and Model Description of Circuit Breaker

<u>ND</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>E</u>	-	<u>630</u>	<u>□</u>	<u>□</u>	/	<u>□</u>	/	<u>□</u>	<u>□</u>	<u>□</u>	<u>□</u>	<u>□</u>
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		
SN	SN name		NDM2E												
1	Enterprise code		ND: “Nader” low-voltage apparatus												
2	Product code		M: Molded case circuit breaker (MCCB)												
3	Design SN		2												
4	Derived code of the series		E: Electronic												
5	Shell frame level		630												
6	Breaking capacity level		M: Relatively high breaking type												
			H: High breaking type												
7	Operation mode		No code: Direct handle-operated mode												
			P: Motor-operated												
			Z: Rotary operation												
8	Derived code of the function		No code: Basic type intelligent release												
			G: Ground protection type intelligent release												
			T: Communication type intelligent release												
			GT: Ground protection communication type intelligent release												
9	Number of poles		3												
10	Accessory code		See Table 1												
11	Application code		No code: Power distribution type												
			2: Motor protection type												
12	Setting current		See Table 2												
13	Cabling type		No code: Normal product												
			P: Connection busbar												
			Z1: Rear-plate connection												
			Z2H: Plug-in rear-plate connection												
			Z3H: Integrated plug-in rear-plate connection												
			Z3Q: Integrated plug-in front-plate connection												
14	Other codes		DT: Dedicated for power grid												
			Codes of internal and external accessories: Such as manual operation: CS1-A, electric operation: DC1 220V, shunt: AC230V, undervoltage: DC220V												

Table 1: Comparison Table of Accessory Code:

<div>  </div>			<div> <b>Legend</b>   Single auxiliary contact   Dual-auxiliary contact   Alarm contact   Shunt release   Under-voltage release   Auxiliary alarm contact (a single accessory features the auxiliary and alarm functions)         </div>		
Accessory code	Accessory name	<div> <div>Installation Position</div> <div>Model</div> <div>Number of poles</div> </div>	Accessory code	Accessory name	<div> <div>Installation Position</div> <div>Model</div> <div>Number of poles</div> </div>
		NDM2E-630 (Non-communication type) 3			NDM2E-630 (Communication type) 3
300	N/A	—	300	None/communication type	—
310	Shunt release		310	Shunt release/communication type	
320	Dual-auxiliary contact		320	Dual-auxiliary contact/communication type	
321	Single auxiliary contact		321	Single auxiliary contact/communication type	
330	Under-voltage release		330	Undervoltage release/communication type	
340	Shunt release, dual-auxiliary contact		341	Shunt release single auxiliary/communication type	
341	Shunt release, single auxiliary contact		308	Alarm contact/communication type	
350	Shunt release, under-voltage release		318	Shunt release, alarm contact/communication type	
360	Two sets of dual-auxiliary contacts		328	Dual-auxiliary contact, alarm contact/communication type	
361	Two sets of single auxiliary contacts		338	Under-voltage release, alarm contact/communication type	
362	Under-voltage release, dual-auxiliary contact		358	Auxiliary alarm contact/communication type	
370	Under-voltage release, single auxiliary contact		361	Single auxiliary contact, single auxiliary contact/communication type	
371	Under-voltage release, dual-auxiliary contact		362	Dual-auxiliary contact, single auxiliary contact/communication type	
308	Alarm contact		371	Under-voltage release, single auxiliary contact/communication type	
318	Shunt release, alarm contact				
328	Dual-auxiliary contact, alarm contact				
338	Under-voltage release, alarm contact				
348	Shunt release, auxiliary alarm contact				
358	Auxiliary alarm contact				
368	Dual-auxiliary contact, auxiliary alarm contact				
378	Under-voltage release, auxiliary alarm contact				

Note :

- 1) The first number "3" of the release accessory code represents the intelligent controller with the three-section protection while the last two numbers represent the inner accessory code;
- 2) Since the communication type requires to use a set of right-side auxiliary contacts, the single auxiliary or alarm contact output is only located on the right side of the above accessory mode.

## 4. Main Technical Parameters of Circuit Breaker

Table 2 Main Technical Parameters of Circuit Breaker

Model			NDM2E-630	
Rated current of frame Inm (A)			630	
Setting current Ir(A)			280, 315, 350, 400, 450, 500, 550, 600, 630	
Rated insulation voltage Ui (AC V)			800	
Rated impulse withstand voltage Uimp (V)			8000	
Rated working voltage Ue (AC V)			400	
Power frequency withstand voltage U (1min) (V)			3500	
Utilization category			B	
Rated short-time withstand current Icw (kA/1s)			8	
Number of poles			3	
Breaking capacity level			M	H
Rated limit short-circuit breaking capacity Icu (kA)	AC400V		65	100
Rated operating short-circuit breaking capacity Ics (kA)	AC400V		65	65
Operating performance (times)	Electrical life		7500	
	Mechanical life	Maintainable free life	10000	
		Maintainable life	20000	

## 4.1 Selection of the circuit breaker connecting bus or cable cross-section area

Table 3 Selection of the NDM2E-630 Connecting Bus or Cable Cross-section Area

Rated current (A)	Cable section		Copper bar size	
	Quantity	Cross-section area (mm <sup>2</sup> )	Quantity	Dimensions (mm <sup>2</sup> )
280, 315, 350	1	185	-	-
400	1	240	-	-
450, 500	2	150	2	30×5
550, 600, 630	2	185	2	40×5

## 4.2 Tightening Torque of the Circuit Breaker Terminal and Mounting Screw

Table 4 Tightening Torque of the Circuit Breaker Terminal and Mounting Screw

Model	Thread diameter (mm)	Torque (N·m)
NDM2E-630	M12	28
	M6	6

## 4.3 Derating factor of temperature change for the circuit breaker

Table 5 Derating Factor Table of Temperature Change for the Circuit Breaker

Model	Derating factor of product temperature change							
NDM2E-630	Temperature (°C)	40	45	50	55	60	65	70
	Derating factor	1	1	1	1	1	0.979	0.957

Note: 1) When the operating ambient temperature is below + 60°C, the product can be used normally without derating capacity.

2) The above derating factors are measured at the frame current.

## 4.4 High-altitude derating factor of the circuit breaker

Table 6 High-altitude Derating Factor Table of Circuit Breaker

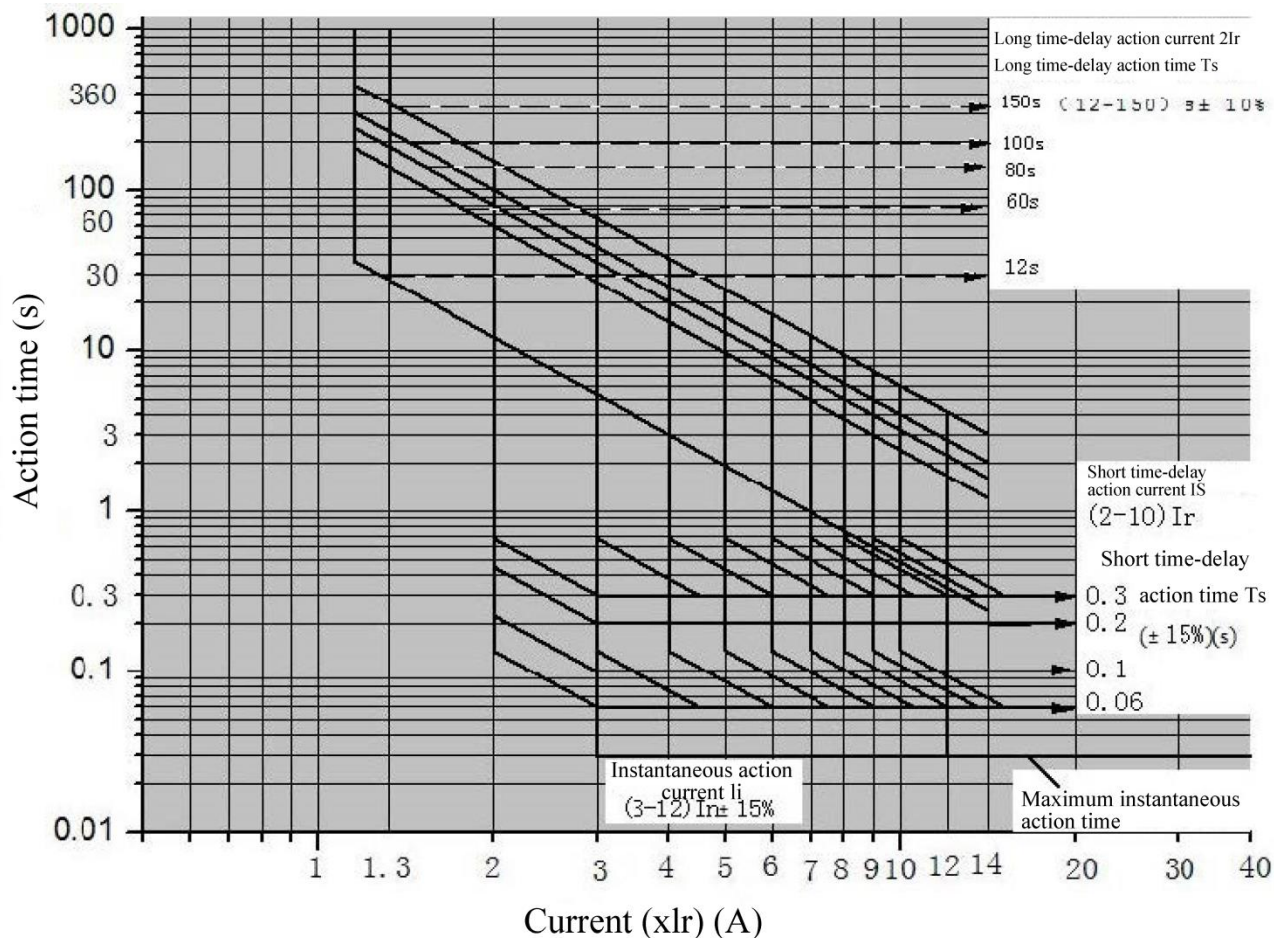
Elevation (m)	Working current correction coefficient	Power frequency withstand voltage correction coefficient	Isolation voltage correction coefficient
2000	1	3500	800
2500	1	3500	800
3000	0.98	3150	720
3500	0.97	3000	680
4000	0.95	2800	630
4500	0.94	2650	600
5000	0.93	2500	560

## 5. Normal Working Environment of Circuit Breaker

- 1) The altitude of the installation site doesn't exceed 2,500m. See the "High-altitude Derating Factor Table of Circuit Breaker" for the derating factor at the altitude;
- 2) The ambient temperature is  $-35^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +70^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; the average within 24 h shall not be more than  $+35^{\circ}\text{C}$ . If the ambient temperature is higher than  $+60^{\circ}\text{C}$ , the user needs to reduce the capacity. See the "Derating Factor Table of Temperature Change for the Circuit Breaker" for the derating factor;
- 3) Its relative humidity at an ambient temperature of  $+40^{\circ}\text{C}$  should not exceed 50%. A higher relative humidity is allowed at a lower temperature. For example, the relative humidity at  $20^{\circ}\text{C}$  can reach 90%; for frost due to temperature change, the corresponding measures should be taken;
- 4) The product can withstand the effects of wet air, salt mist, oil mist and mould;
- 5) The installation category of the circuit breaker connected to the main loop is: Category III (power distribution and control level), The installation category of the circuit breaker not connected to the main loop is: Category II (load level);
- 6) The pollution level is Level 3;
- 7) The product should be installed in places that are free from explosive media, media corrosive to metal, insulation damaging gas, and conductive dust, which should be also avoided from snow and rain;
- 8) In case of stricter user conditions than the above description, negotiate with the manufacturer.

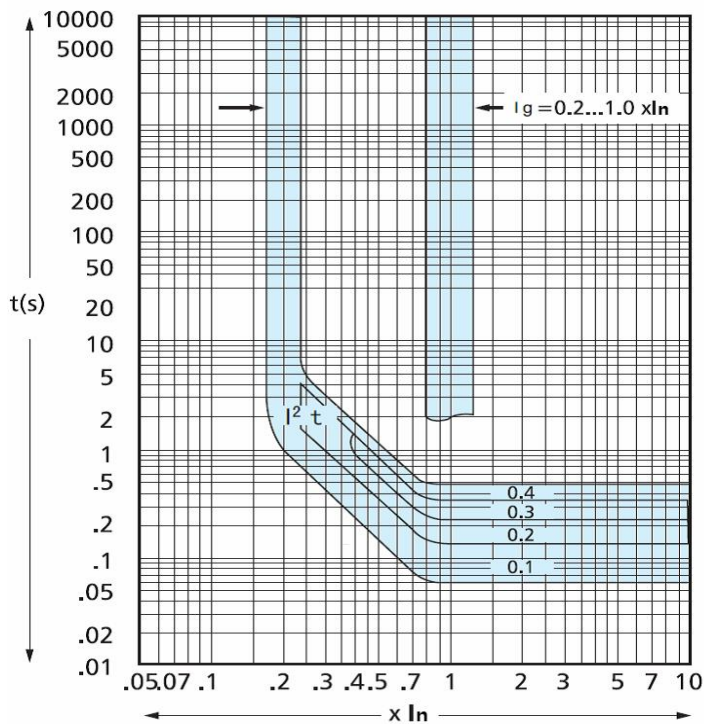
## 6. Short-circuit Overload Protection Characteristic Curve of Circuit Breaker

### 6.1. Time/current characteristic curve of power distribution protection type



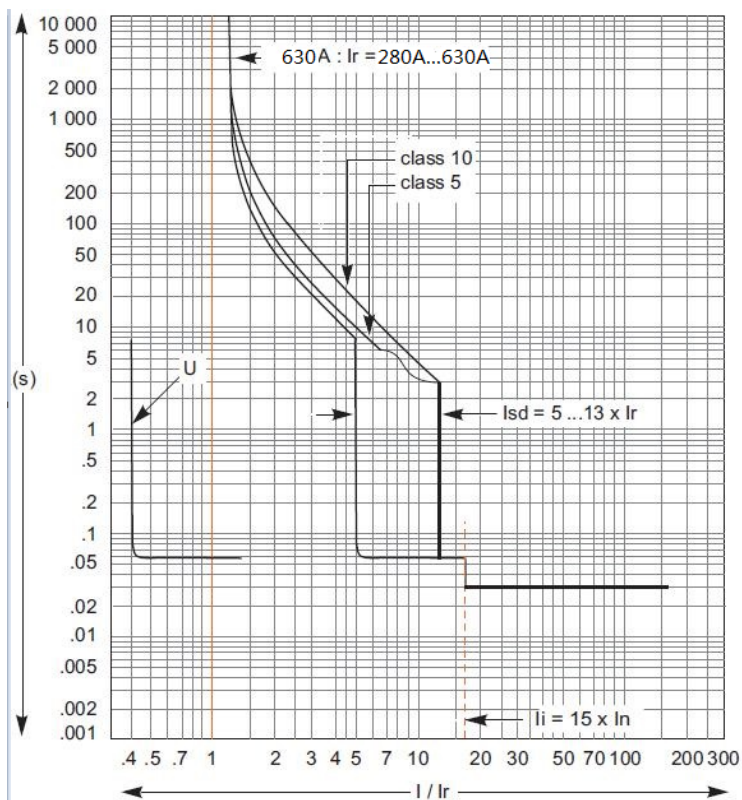
Time/Current Characteristic Curve

## 6.2. Time/current characteristic curve of ground protection type



Time/Current Characteristic Curve

## 6.3. Time/current characteristic curve of motor protection type



Time/Current Characteristic Curve

## 6.4. Setting value of the intelligent controller

## 6.4.1. Communication-type intelligent controller

Table 7 Communication-type Intelligent Controller

Model	Rated current of frame In(A)	Current and time parameters							
		Ir(A)	Tr(s)	Isd (*Ir)	Tsd(s)	Ii (*In)	Ip (*Ir)	Ig (*In)	Tg(s)
NDM2E-630	630	280, 315	12	2,3, 4	0.06	3, 4, 5	0.7	0.2, 0.3	0.1
		350, 400	60	5, 6, 7	0.1	6, 7, 8	0.8	0.4, 0.5	0.2
		450, 500	100	8, 10	0.2	9, 10	0.9	0.6, 0.8	0.3
		550, 600	150	OFF	0.3	12, 14	1.0	1.0, OFF	0.4
		630, OFF							

Note: When Isd is in the OFF position, the short time-delay is closed.

## 6.4.2. Non-communication type intelligent controller

Table 8 Communication-type Intelligent Controller

Model	Rated current of frame In(A)	Current and time parameters							
		Ir(A)	Tr(s)	Isd (*Ir)	Tsd(s)	Ii (*In)	Ip (*Ir)	Ig (*In)	Tg(S)
NDM2E-630	630	280, 315	12	2,3, 4	0.06	3, 4, 5	0.7	0.2, 0.3	0.1
		350, 400	60	5, 6, 7	0.1	6, 7, 8	0.8	0.4, 0.5	0.2
		450, 500	100	8, 10	0.2	9, 10	0.9	0.6, 0.8	0.3
		550, 600	150	OFF	0.3	12, 14	1.0	1.0, OFF	0.4
		630, OFF							

Note: When Ir is in the OFF position, the long and short time-delay is closed at the same time; when Isd is in the OFF position, the short time-delay is closed.

## 6.4.3. Motor protection-type intelligent controller

Table 9 Motor Protection-type Intelligent Controller

Model	Shell frame level Rated current In(A)	Current and time parameters			
		Ir(*In)	Class(s)	Isd(*Ir)	Iunbl (%)
NDM2E-630	630	0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0	4-10	3, 4, 5 6, 7, 8 9, 10, OFF	10, 20, 30 40, OFF

Note: 1) When Isd is in the OFF position, the short time-delay is closed;

2) When Iunbl is in the OFF position, the current imbalance protection is off;

3) The short circuit instantaneous Ii has built-in 13In.

## 6.5. Protection characteristics of power distribution-type circuit breaker

Table 10 Protection Characteristics of Intelligent Release

Overload long time-delay protection Ir, Tr						
Setting current Ir			See Table 7 or 8			
Action features (reverse time limit)	Tr setting value (s)	In = 630A				
		12	60	80	100	
	≤1.05Ir	>2h inaction				
	> 1.30Ir	<1h action				
	t(s) at 1.5Ir	21.3	106.7	142.2	177.8	
	t(s) at 2.0Ir	12	60	80	100	
	t(s) at 7.2Ir	0.93	4.63	6.17	7.72	
	Accuracy (%)		±10			
Note: The action curve conforms to $t=(2I_r/I)^2 \times T_r$ t: overload long time-delay action time Tr: setting value of the overload long time-delay action time I: Actual running current Ir: setting value of the overload long time-delay action current						
Short circuit short-time delay protection Isd, Tsd						
Setting current Isd			See Table 7 or 8			
Action characteristics	Reverse time limit $I_{sd} \leq I < 1.5I_{sd}$	Tsd setting value (s)	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.3
		t action time (s)	$t=(1.5I_{sd}/I)^2 \times T_{sd}$			
	Fixed time limit $1.5I_{sd} \leq I < I_i$	t action time (s)	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.3
		Returnable time (s)	/	/	0.14	0.21
		Accuracy (%)	±10			
Note: The inverse time limit action curve conforms to $t=(1.5I_{sd}/I)^2 \times T_{sd}$ The reverse time limit is ON while the fixed time limit is OFF t: short-circuit short time-delay action time Tsd: setting value of the short-circuit short time-delay action time I: Actual running current Isd: setting value of the short-circuit short time-delay action current						

Table 10 (Continued) Protection Characteristics of Intelligent Release

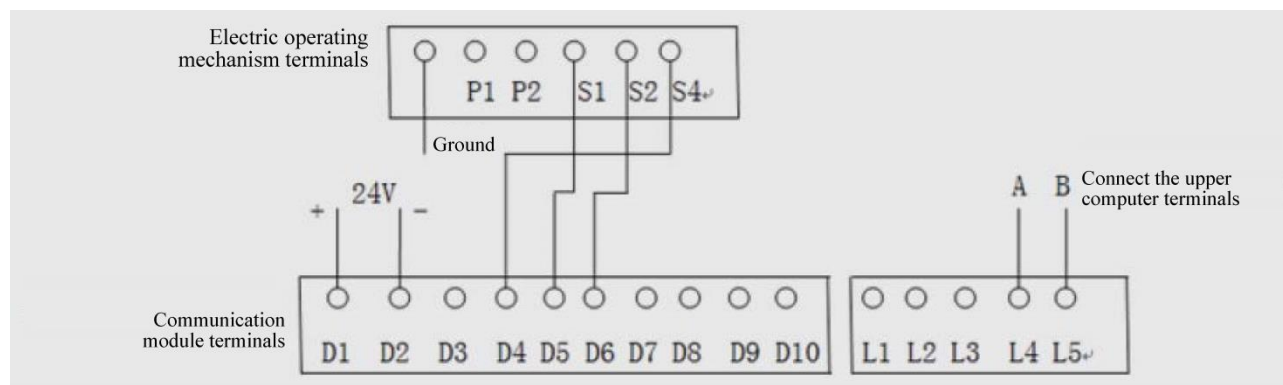
Short circuit instantaneous protection Ii						
Action characteristics	Setting current Ii		See Table 7 or 8			
	Action time		<50ms			
Pre-alarm Ip						
Setting current Ip			See Table 7 or 8			
characteristics	Alarm indicator		The indicator changes to be constantly on from flashing			
	Accuracy (%)		±10			
Overload indicator (maximum load)						
characteristics	Current value range		1.15×Ir			
	Overload indicator		Constantly on			
	Accuracy (%)		±10			
Ground fault protection Ig, Tg						
Setting current Ig			(0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.8, 1.0)×In+OFF			
Action characteristics	Reverse time limit Ig≤IΔ<2Ig	Tg setting value (s)	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4
		t action time (s)	t =(2Ig/I)²×Tg			
	Fixed time limit IΔ≥2Ig	t action time (s)	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4
		Accuracy (%)	±10			
Note: I: 3P products are A/B/C three-phase current vector sum.						

## 6.6. Protection characteristics of the motor protection-type intelligent release

Table 11 Protection characteristics of the motor protection-type intelligent release

Overload protection Ir, Class								
Setting current Ir		See Table 7 or 8						
Action features (reverse time limit)	Class setting value (s)	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	≤1.05 Ir	>2h inaction						
	> 1.20 Ir	<1h action						
	tr(s) at 1.5 Ir	92.2	115.2	138.2	161.3	184.3	207.4	230.4
	tr(s) at 6.0 Ir	5.8	7.2	8.6	10.1	11.5	12.9	14.4
	tr(s) at 7.2 Ir	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Accuracy (%)	±10						
Note: The action curve conforms to $t=(7.2)^{2 \times (I_r)} \times \text{Class} / I^2$ : Overload protection action time Class: Setting value of the tripping level time I: Actual running current Ir: Setting value of the overload protection action current								
Short circuit short-time delay protection Isd								
Setting current Isd					See Table 7 or 8			
Action characteristics	Fixed time limit Isd<I	t action time (s)			0.06			
		Accuracy (%)			±10			
Current unbalance protection Iunbl								
Setting value Iunbl(%)							See Table 7 or 8	
Action characteristics	δ≥Iunbl(%)	During startup (< Class)			t action time (s)	0.7		
		During normal operation (≥Class)				4		
	δ<Iunbl(%)		Inaction					
Note: The calculation of the actual current unbalance conforms to $\delta=(I_{\max}-I_{\min}) \times 3 \times 100\% / (I_a+I_b+I_c)$ δ: Percentage value of the actual current unbalance of the three-phase electricity I <sub>max</sub> : Maximum current value I <sub>min</sub> : Minimum current value I <sub>a</sub> : A-phase current value I <sub>b</sub> : B-phase current value I <sub>c</sub> : C-phase current value								
Open-phase protection								
Action characteristics	I<0.4Ir	During startup (< Class)			t action time (s)	0.7		
		During normal operation (≥Class)				4		
Short circuit instantaneous protection I i								
Setting current Ii		See Table 7 or 8						
Action time		< 50 ms						

## 6.7. Communication module characteristics



Connection diagram of communication module and electric operating mechanism

Terminal code	Connection position	Input/output (IO)
D1	Power input DC24V(+)	Input
D2	Power input DC24V(-)	
D3	Empty	Output (DO)
D4	“OFF” control terminal of the electric operating mechanism	
D5	“COM” control terminal of the electric operating mechanism	
D6	“ON” control terminal of the electric operating mechanism	
D7	Empty	Input (DI)
D8, D9	Network control options	
D10	Empty	Output
L1	Power DC5V(+)	
L2	Power DC5V(-)	
L3	PE	Input/output
L4	Receive/send data (A)	
L5	Receive/send data (B)	

Note: 1) Specification of the rated working voltage: DC 24V, allowed range:  $\pm 15\%$ , power  $\leq 2W$ .

2) DI, switch input, input impedance:  $\leq 100\Omega$

3) DO, switch output, contact capacity: Resistive load DC30V/5A, AC270V/3A.



## 7.3 Safe mounting distance of circuit breaker

Table 7 Insulation Distance Mounted in the Metal Cabinet (Unit: mm)

Mounting distance	A (inlet wire end to the cabinet face)		B (distance from side to the cabinet face)	C (outlet wire end to the cabinet face)
Model	With a terminal cover	Without a terminal cover		
NDM2E-630	25	120	35	35

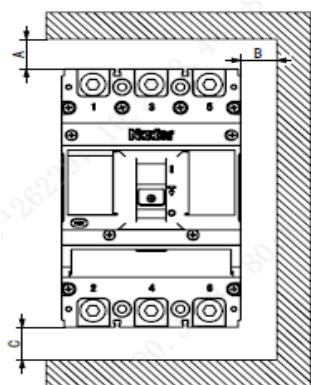


Table 8 Minimum Center Distance between Rowed Circuit Breakers (Unit: mm)

Model	Width of circuit breaker	I Center distance
	3 poles	3 poles
NDM2E-630	210	250

Note: Check the connected busbar or cable during rowing or stacking of the circuit breaker to ensure that the air insulation distance won't be reduced.

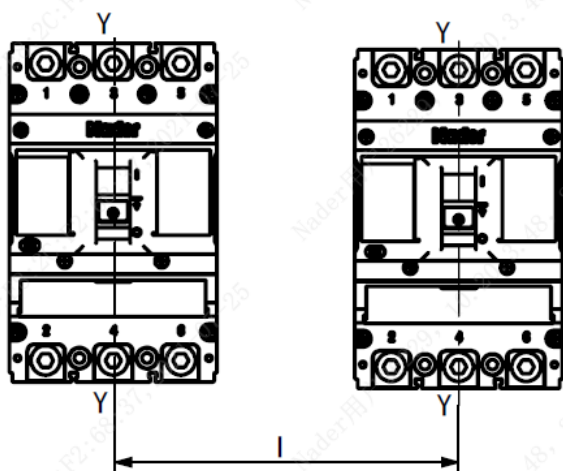


Table 9 Minimum Distance between Stacked Circuit Breakers (Unit: mm)

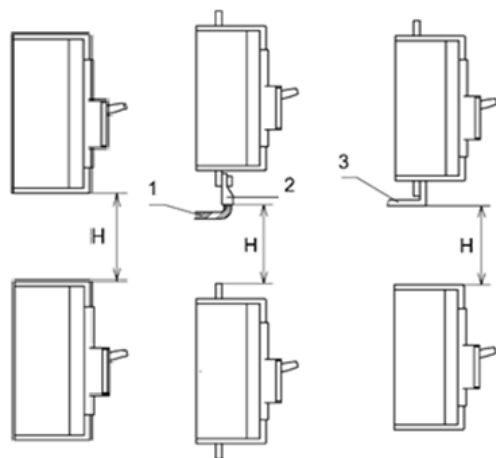
Model	H (distance of circuit breaker from bottom)	
	With a terminal cover	Without a terminal cover
NDM2E-630	155	155

Note: 1) Bare cable connection

2) Cable insulating connection

3) Connection without insulation

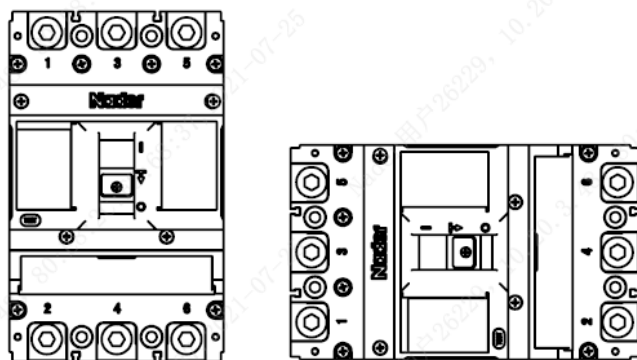
Requirements: Check whether the terminal cover or phase partition is assembled properly before products are energized.



## 8. Installation Direction of Circuit Breaker

For vertical installation of the product, the gradient between the installation surface and the vertical plane is no more than  $\pm 22.5^\circ$ .

Horizontal installation of the product.



Vertical Installation

Horizontal Installation

## 9. Packaging and Storage of Circuit Breaker

Minimum packaging quantity: 1 piece/box. The packaged products should be stored in a warehouse with the air ventilation and the relative humidity no more than 80% when the ambient temperature is  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}\sim+75^{\circ}\text{C}$ . No acidic alkaline or other corrosive gas exists in the ambient air in the warehouse. Under the conditions above, the storage period shall be no more than three years since the manufacturing date.

## 10. Installation Direction of Circuit Breaker

SN	Name	Specification	3P Quantity/Set
1	Cross small pan-head screw	M6×95	4
2	Hexagon nut	M6	4
3	Spring washer	6	4
4	Plain washer	6	8
5	Phase partition	——	4
6	Plug	——	6

## 11. Circuit Breaker Notes

- 1) Various characteristics and accessories of the circuit breaker are set in the factory. The circuit breaker, tripping unit or other accessories can only be adjusted, installed and maintained by the trained or qualified professionals according to the parameter requirements of the line design;
- 2) Ensure that the power supply is off before installing or removing any device;
- 3) The circuit breaker handle can be located in three positions, indicating three states: on, off and free tripping. When the handle is in the free tripping position, pull the handle in the off direction when the circuit breaker is connected and on.