# Shanghai Liangxin Electrical Co., Ltd.

# NDM2-63 Product Specification

(IPD-ENG-DEV-T20 A1 2016-09-23)

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# **Nader** 良信

	Revision History							
Version	Revision Reason/Content	Implementation Date	Prepared by	Reviewed by	Approved by			
0	Newly added	5/8/2020	Wang Hu	Peng Haorang	Hu Qi			
1	Update the product appearance picture and product dimension outline drawing	30/9/2021	Sun Lanping	Xiao Botao	Ding Fei			

## 1. Applicable Scope and Purpose of Circuit Breaker

The NDM2-63 molded case circuit breaker (hereinafter referred to as circuit breaker) applies to infrequent switching of circuits with the AC 50/60Hz, the working voltage of AC415V and working current of 63A as well as infrequent motor starting. With the overload, short circuit and undervoltage protection functions, the circuit breaker can protect lines and power equipment from damage.

### 2. Product Picture of Circuit Breaker (The picture is for reference only; the

# specific kind prevail)

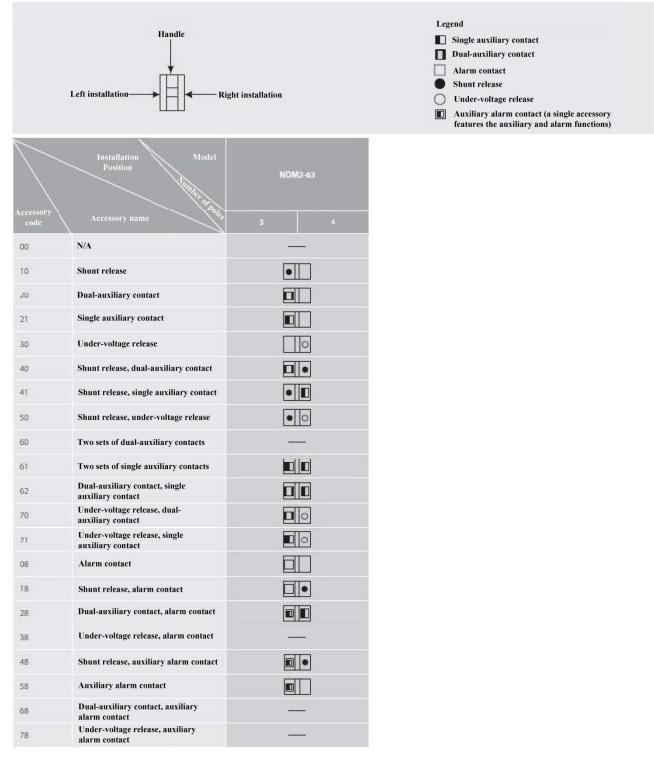


Picture of the Product

# **3. Specification and Model Description of Circuit Breaker**

<u>ND</u> <u>M</u>						
1 2	3 4 5 6	7 8 9 10 11 12 13				
SN	SN name	NDM2				
1	Enterprise code	ND: "Nader" low-voltage apparatus				
2	Product code	M: Molded case circuit breaker (MCCB)				
3	Design SN	2				
4	Shell frame level	63				
5	Breaking capacity level	L: Standard type				
5	Dreaking capacity level	M: Relatively high breaking type				
		No code: Direct handle-operated mode				
6	Operation mode	P: Motor-operated				
		Z: Rotation handle				
7	Number of poles	3,4				
		0: Release (none)				
8	Release code	2: Instantaneous tripper only				
		3: Complex tripper				
9	Accessory code	See Table 1				
10	Application code	No code: Power distribution type				
10	Application code	2: Protection motor type				
		A: The N-pole isn't installed with an overcurrent release,				
	<b>XX 1 1 X</b>	but always connected				
11	N-pole (neutral pole)	B: The N-pole isn't installed with an overcurrent release,				
11	type of the 4P product	but on-off with the other three poles				
		C: The N-pole is installed with an overcurrent tripper,				
		and on-off with the other three poles				
12	Rated current	See Table 2				
		No code: Normal product				
		Z1: Rear-plate connection				
13	Cabling type	Z2H: Plug-in rear-plate connection				
15	Caoning type	Z2Q: Plug-in front-plate connection				
		Z3H: Integrated plug-in rear-plate connection				
		Z3Q: Integrated plug-in front-plate connection				

#### Table 1: Comparison Table of Accessory Code:



# 4. Main Technical Parameters of Circuit Breaker

Table 2 Main	<b>Fechnical</b> Para	ameters of Cir	rcuit Breaker
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Model	Model				NDM2-63		
Rated current of frame	63						
Rated current In (A)			10, 12.5	, 16, 20, 25, 32	, 40, 50, 63		
Rated insulation voltage	e Ui (AC V	/)		1000			
Rated impulse withstan	d voltage I	Uimp (V)		8000			
Rated working voltage	Ue (AC V)	)		380/400/415			
Power frequency withst	and voltag	ge U (1min) (V)		3500			
Utilization category				А			
Number of poles	Number of poles			3			
Breaking capacity level			L	М	/		
Rated limit short-circuit breaking capacity Icu (kA)	AC38	80/400/415V	36	52.5	52.5		
Rated operating short-circuit breaking capacity Ics (kA)	AC380/400/415V		27	38	38		
	Electrical life		8000				
Operating performance (times)	Mechan	Maintainable Mechan free life		20000			
	ical life	Maintainable life		40000			

4.1 Selection of the circuit breaker connecting bus or cable cross-section area:

Table 3 Selection of the NDM2-63 Connecting Bus or Cable Cross-section Area

Rated current (A)	10, 12.5	16, 20	25	32	40, 50	63
Wire cross-section	1.5	2.5	4.0	6.0	10	16

4.2 Tightening Torque of the Circuit Breaker Terminal and Mounting Screw

#### Table 4 Tightening Torque of the Circuit Breaker Terminal and Mounting Screw

Model	Thread specifications	Torque (N·m)
NDM2 63	M5	4
NDM2-63	M3	1

4.3 Derating factor of temperature change for the circuit breaker

Table 5 Derating Factor Table of T	emperature Change for the Circuit Breaker
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Model	Derating factor of product temperature change							
NDM2-63	Temperature (°C)	40	45	50	55	60	65	70
	Derating factor	1	0.979	0.958	0.937	0.915	0.893	0.871

Note: 1) When the operating ambient temperature is below  $+40^{\circ}$ C, the product can be used normally without derating capacity.

2) The above derating factors are measured at the frame current.

4.4 High-altitude derating factor of the circuit breaker

#### Table 6 High-altitude Derating Factor Table of Circuit Breaker

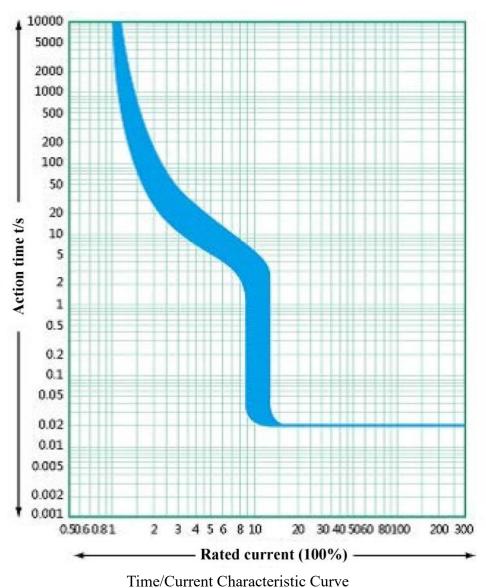
Elevation (m)	Working current correction coefficient	Power frequency withstand voltage correction coefficient	Isolation voltage correction coefficient
2000	1	3500	1000
2500	1	3500	1000
3000	0.98	3150	900
3500	0.97	3000	850
4000	0.95	2800	810
4500	0.94	2650	770
5000	0.93	2500	730

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#### 5. Normal Working Environment of Circuit Breaker

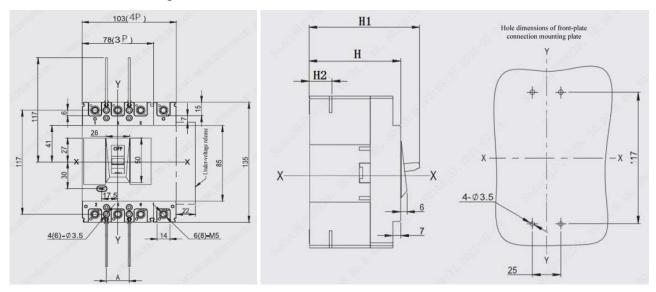
- The altitude of the installation site doesn't exceed 2,500m. See the "High-altitude Derating Factor Table of Circuit Breaker" for the derating factor at the altitude;
- The ambient temperature is -35°C ~ + 70°C; the average within 24 h shall not be more than +35°C. If the ambient temperature is higher than +40°C, the user needs to reduce the capacity. See the "Derating Factor Table of Temperature Change for the Circuit Breaker" for the derating factor;
- Its relative humidity at an ambient temperature of +40°C should not exceed 50%. A higher relative humidity is allowed at a lower temperature. For example, the relative humidity at 20°C can reach 90%; for frost due to temperature change, the corresponding measures should be taken;
- 4) The product can withstand the effects of wet air, salt mist, oil mist and mould;
- 5) The installation category of the circuit breaker connected to the main loop is: Category III (power distribution and control level), The installation category of the circuit breaker not connected to the main loop is: Category II (load level);
- 6) The pollution level is Level 3;
- The product should be installed in places that are free from explosive media, media corrosive to metal, insulation damaging gas, and conductive dust, which should be also avoided from snow and rain;
- 8) In case of stricter user conditions than the above description, negotiate with the manufacturer.



# 6. Short-circuit Overload Protection Characteristic Curve of Circuit Breaker

# 7. Outline, Mounting Hole Dimensions and Safety Distance of Circuit Breaker

7.1 Outline and mounting hole dimensions of circuit breaker



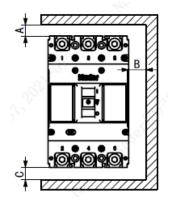
Model			H1	H2
NDM2-63L	30	74	90.5	20.5
NDM2-63M	30	81.5	98.5	27.5
NDM2-63/4P	25	013	204	213

Note: The limit deviation not indicated with the tolerance dimensions is as per GB/T 1804-c.

#### 7.2 Safe mounting distance of circuit breaker

#### Table 7 Insulation Distance Mounted in the Metal Cabinet (Unit: mm)

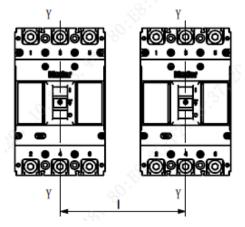
Mounting distance		ire end to the let face)	B (distance from side	C (outlet wire end to the cabinet face)	
Model	With a terminal cover	Without a terminal cover	to the cabinet face)		
NDM2-63	25	65	30	30	



Model	Width of circuit breaker		I Center distance	
	3 poles	4 poles	3 poles	4 poles
NDM2-63	78	103	108	133

Table 8 Minimum Center Di	ance between Rowed	Circuit Breakers	(Unit: mm)	
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Note: Check the connected busbar or cable during rowing or stacking of the circuit breaker to ensure that the air insulation distance won't be reduced.



#### Table 9 Minimum Distance between Stacked Circuit Breakers (Unit: mm)

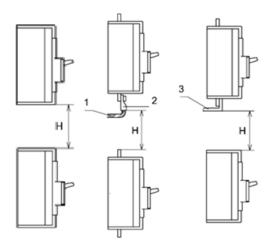
Model	H (distance of circuit breaker from bottom)		
	With a terminal cover	Without a terminal cover	
NDM2-63 90		90	

Note: 1) Bare cable connection

2) Cable insulating connection

3) Connection without insulation

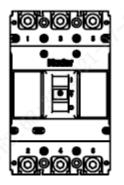
Requirements: Check whether the terminal cover or phase partition is assembled properly before roducts are energized.

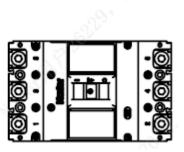


# 8. Installation Direction of Circuit Breaker

For vertical installation of the product, the gradient between the installation surface and the vertical plane is no more than  $\pm 22.5^{\circ}$ .

Horizontal installation of the product.





Vertical Installation

Horizontal Installation

#### 9. Packaging and Storage of Circuit Breaker

Minimum packaging quantity: 1 piece/box. The packaged products should be stored in a warehouse with the air ventilation and the relative humidity no more than 80% when the ambient temperature is  $-40^{\circ}C \sim +75$  °C. No acidic alkaline or other corrosive gas exists in the ambient air in the warehouse. Under the conditions above, the storage period shall be no more than three years since the manufacturing date.

### **10. Installation Direction of Circuit Breaker**

SN	Name	Specification	3P Quantity/Set	4P Quantity/Set
1	Cross small pan-head screw	M3X35	4	6
2	Hexagon nut	M3	4	6
3	Spring washer	3	4	6
4	Plain washer	3	4	6
5	Phase partition		4	6

#### **11. Circuit Breaker Notes**

- Various characteristics and accessories of the circuit breaker are set in the factory. The circuit breaker, tripping unit or other accessories can only be adjusted, installed and maintained by the trained or qualified professionals according to the parameter requirements of the line design;
- 2) Ensure that the power supply is off before installing or removing any device;
- 3) The circuit breaker handle can be located in three positions, indicating three states: on, off and free tripping. When the handle is in the free tripping position, pull the handle in the off direction when the circuit breaker is connected and on.