Shanghai Liangxin Electrical Co., Ltd.

NDM2-630 Product Specification

(IPD-ENG-DEV-T20 A1 2016-09-23)

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Revision History					
Version	Revision Reason/Content	Implementation Date	Prepared by	Reviewed by	Approved by
0	Newly added	5/8/2020	Wang Hu	Peng Haorang	Hu Qi
1	Update the product appearance picture and product dimension outline drawing	30/9/2021	Sun Lanping	Chen Xinming	Ding Fei

1. Applicable Scope and Purpose of Circuit Breaker

The NDM2-630 molded case circuit breaker (hereinafter referred to as circuit breaker) applies to infrequent switching of circuits with the AC 50/60Hz, the working voltage of AC690V and working current of 630A as well as infrequent motor starting. With the overload, short circuit and undervoltage protection functions, the circuit breaker can protect lines and power equipment from damage.

2. Product Picture of Circuit Breaker (The picture is for reference only; the specific kind prevail)

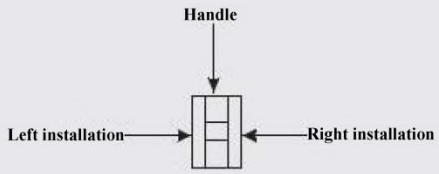
Picture of the Product

3. Specification and Model Description of Circuit Breaker

ND 1	M 2	2 3	-	630 4	□ 5	□ / □ 6 7	□ 8	□ 9	□ 10	□ 11	□ 12	□ 13

SN	SN name	NDM2
1	Enterprise code	ND: “Nader” low-voltage apparatus
2	Product code	M: Molded case circuit breaker (MCCB)
3	Design SN	2
4	Shell frame level	630
5	Breaking capacity level	C: Basic type
		L: Standard type
		M: Relatively high breaking type
		H: High breaking type
6	Operation mode	No code: Direct handle-operated mode
		P: Motor-operated
		Z: Rotary operation
7	Number of poles	3, 4
8	Release code	0: Release (none)
		2: Instantaneous tripper only
		3: Complex tripper
9	Accessory code	See Table 1
10	Application code	No code: Power distribution type
		2: Motor protection type
11	N-pole (neutral pole) type of the 4P product	A: The N-pole isn't installed with an overcurrent release, but always connected
		B: The N-pole isn't installed with an overcurrent release, but on-off with the other three poles
		C: The N-pole is installed with an overcurrent tripper, and on-off with the other three poles
12	Rated current	See Table 2
13	Cabling type	No code: Normal product
		P: Connection busbar
		Z1: Rear-plate connection
		Z2H: Plug-in rear-plate connection
		Z2Q: Plug-in front-plate connection
		Z3H: Integrated plug-in rear-plate connection
		Z3Q: Integrated plug-in front-plate connection

Table 1: Comparison Table of Accessory Code:



Legend
- Single auxiliary contact
- Dual-auxiliary contact
- Alarm contact
- Shunt release
- Under-voltage release
- Auxiliary alarm contact (a single accessory features the auxiliary and alarm functions)

Accessory code	Accessory name	Installation Position / Model / Number of poles: NDM2-630	
		3	4
00	N/A	—	
10	Shunt release		
20	Dual-auxiliary contact		
21	Single auxiliary contact		
30	Under-voltage release		
40	Shunt release, dual-auxiliary contact		
41	Shunt release, single auxiliary contact		
50	Shunt release, under-voltage release		
60	Two sets of dual-auxiliary contacts		
61	Two sets of single auxiliary contacts		
62	Dual-auxiliary contact, single auxiliary contact		
70	Under-voltage release, dual-auxiliary contact		
71	Under-voltage release, single auxiliary contact		
08	Alarm contact		
18	Shunt release, alarm contact		
28	Dual-auxiliary contact, alarm contact		
38	Under-voltage release, alarm contact		
48	Shunt release, auxiliary alarm contact		
58	Auxiliary alarm contact		
68	Dual-auxiliary contact, auxiliary alarm contact		
78	Under-voltage release, auxiliary alarm contact		

4. Main Technical Parameters of Circuit Breaker

Table 2 Main Technical Parameters of Circuit Breaker

Model			NDM2-630				
Rated current of frame Inm (A)			630				
Rated current In (A)			400, 500, 630				
Rated insulation voltage Ui (AC V)			1000				
Rated impulse withstand voltage Uimp (V)			8000				
Rated working voltage Ue (AC V)			400/415, 500, 690				
Power frequency withstand voltage U (1min) (V)			3500				
Utilization category			A				
Number of poles			3				4
Breaking capacity level			C	L	M	H	/
Rated limit short-circuit breaking capacity Icu (kA)	AC400/415V		35	50	65	100	65
	AC500V		/	/	30	/	/
	AC690V		/	/	20	/	/
Rated operating short-circuit breaking capacity Ics (kA)	AC400/415V		26.25	37.5	48.75	75	48.75
	AC500V		/	/	30	/	/
	AC690V		/	/	15	/	/
Operating performance (times)	Electrical life		7500				
	Mechanical life	Maintainable free life	10000				
		Maintainable life	20000				

4.1 Selection of the circuit breaker connecting bus or cable cross-section area:

Table 3 Selection of the NDM2-630 Circuit Breaker Connecting Bus or Cable Cross-section Area

Rated current (A)	Cable section		Copper bar size	
	Quantity	Cross-section area (mm^2)	Quantity	Cross-section area (mm^2)
400	1	240	/	/
500	2	150	2	30×5
630	2	185	2	40×5

4.2 Tightening Torque of the Circuit Breaker Terminal and Mounting Screw

Table 4 Tightening Torque of the Circuit Breaker Terminal and Mounting Screw

Model	Thread diameter (mm)	Torque (N·m)
NDM2-630	M12	28
	M6	6

4.3 Derating factor of temperature change for the circuit breaker

Table 5 Derating Factor Table of Temperature Change for the Circuit Breaker

Model	Derating factor of product temperature change							
NDM2-630	Temperature (℃)	40℃	45℃	50℃	55℃	60℃	65℃	70℃
	Derating factor	1	0.979	0.958	0.937	0.915	0.893	0.871

Note: 1) When the operating ambient temperature is below + 40℃, the product can be used normally without derating capacity.

2) The above derating factors are measured at the frame current.

4.4 High-altitude derating factor of the circuit breaker

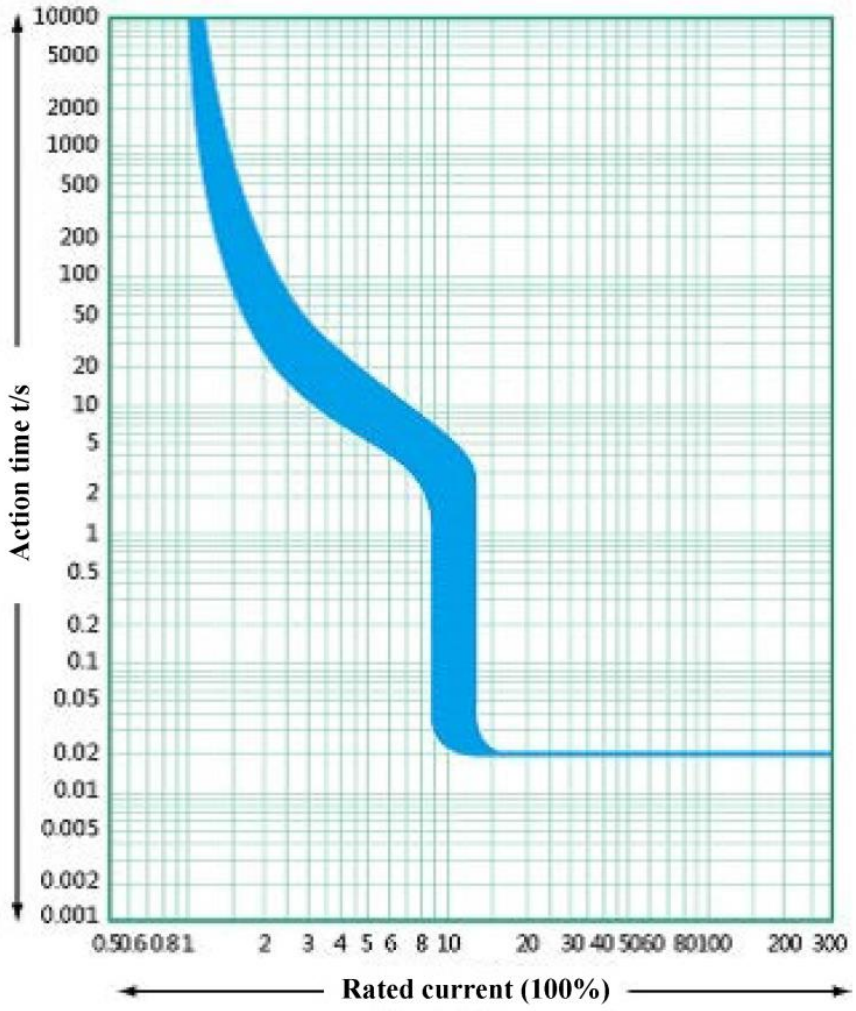
Table 6 High-altitude Derating Factor Table of Circuit Breaker

Elevation (m)	Working current correction coefficient	Maximum working voltage (V)	Power frequency withstand voltage correction coefficient (V)	Isolation voltage correction coefficient (V)
2000	1	690	3500	1000
2500	1	690	3500	1000
3000	0.98	620	3150	900
3500	0.97	580	3000	850
4000	0.95	550	2800	810
4500	0.94	520	2650	770
5000	0.93	500	2500	730

5. Normal Working Environment of Circuit Breaker

1) The altitude of the installation site doesn't exceed 2,500m. See the "High-altitude Derating Factor Table of Circuit Breaker" for the derating factor at the altitude;
2) The ambient temperature is -35℃ ~ + 70℃; the average within 24h shall not be more than +35℃. If the ambient temperature is higher than +40℃, the user needs to reduce the capacity. See the "Derating Factor Table of Temperature Change for the Circuit Breaker" for the derating factor;
3) Its relative humidity at an ambient temperature of +40℃ should not exceed 50%. A higher relative humidity is allowed at a lower temperature. For example, the relative humidity at 20℃ can reach 90%; for frost due to temperature change, the corresponding measures should be taken;
4) The product can withstand the effects of wet air, salt mist, oil mist and mould;
5) The installation category of the circuit breaker connected to the main loop is: Category III (power distribution and control level), The installation category of the circuit breaker not connected to the main loop is: Category II (load level);
6) The pollution level is Level 3;
7) The product should be installed in places that are free from explosive media, media corrosive to metal, insulation damaging gas, and conductive dust, which should be also avoided from snow and rain;
8) In case of stricter user conditions than the above description, negotiate with the manufacturer.

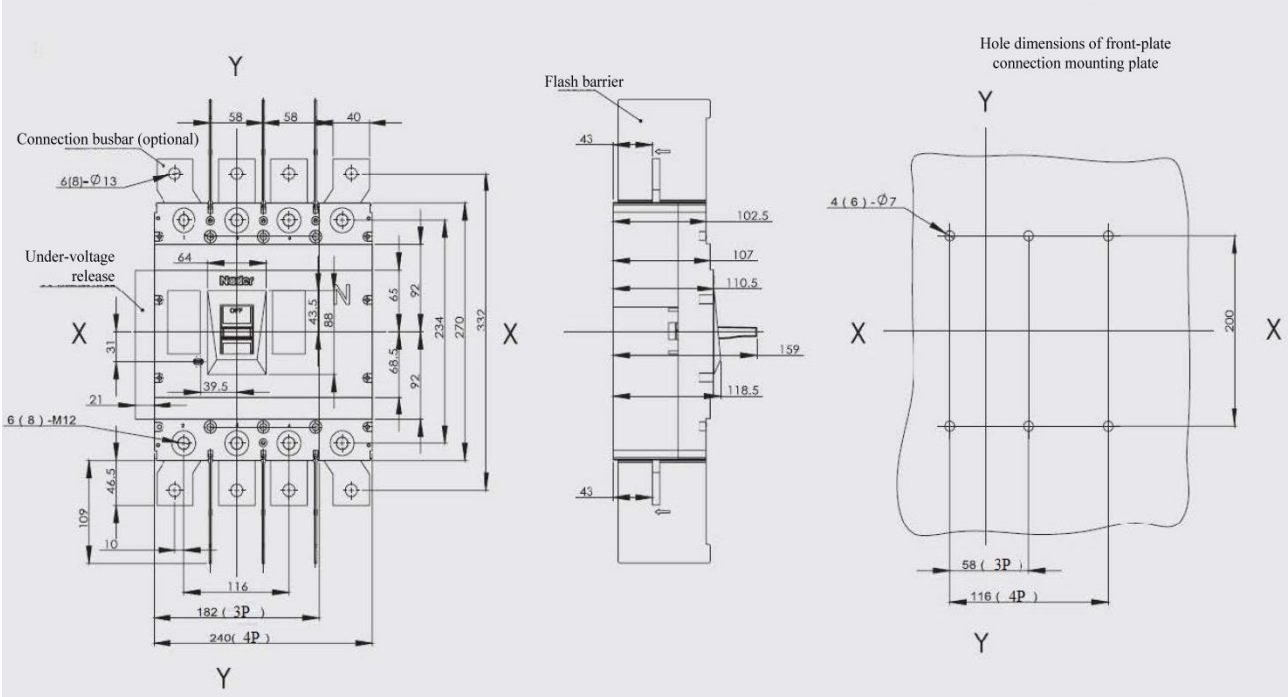
6. Short-circuit Overload Protection Characteristic Curve of Circuit Breaker



Time/Current Characteristic Curve

7. Outline, Mounting Hole Dimensions and Safety Distance of Circuit Breaker

7.1 Outline and mounting hole dimensions of circuit breaker



Note: The limit deviation not indicated with the tolerance dimensions is as per GB/T 1804-c.

7.2 Safe mounting distance of circuit breaker

Table 7 Insulation Distance Mounted in the Metal Cabinet (Unit: mm)

Mounting distance	A (inlet wire end to the cabinet face)		B (distance from side to the cabinet face)	C (outlet wire end to the cabinet face)
Model	With a terminal cover	Without a terminal cover		
NDM2-630	25	120	35	35

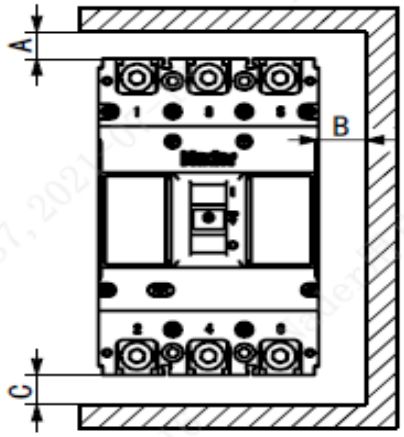


Table 8 Minimum Center Distance between Rowed Circuit Breakers (Unit: mm)

Model	Width of circuit breaker		I Center distance	
	3 poles	4 poles	3 poles	4 poles
NDM2-630	182	240	222	280

Note: Check the connected busbar or cable during rowing or stacking of the circuit breaker to ensure that the air insulation distance won't be reduced.

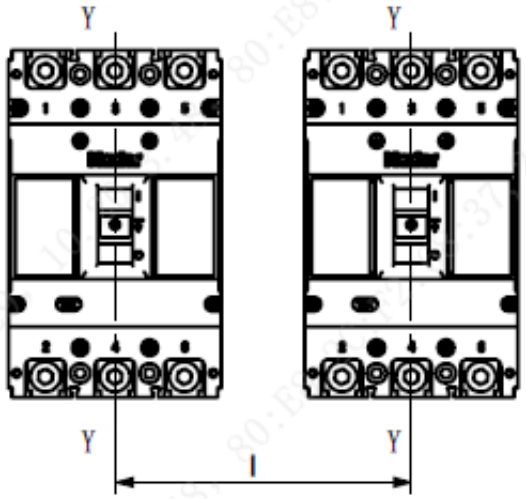


Table 9 Minimum Distance between Stacked Circuit Breakers (Unit: mm)

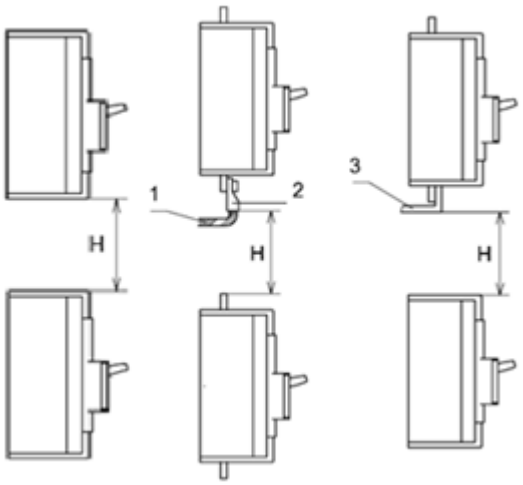
Model	H (distance of circuit breaker from bottom)	
	With a terminal cover	Without a terminal cover
NDM2-630	155	155

Note: 1. Bare cable connection

2. Cable insulating connection

3. Connection without insulation

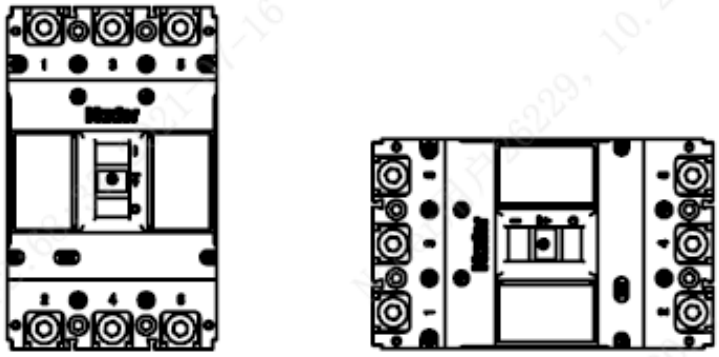
Requirements: Check whether the terminal cover or phase partition is assembled properly before products are energized.



8. Installation Direction of Circuit Breaker

For vertical installation of the product, the gradient between the installation surface and the vertical plane is no more than ±22.5°.

Horizontal installation of the product.



Vertical Installation Horizontal Installation

9. Packaging and Storage of Circuit Breaker

Minimum packaging quantity: 1 piece/box. The packaged products should be stored in a warehouse with the air ventilation and the relative humidity no more than 80% when the ambient temperature is -40℃~+75 ℃. No acidic alkaline or other corrosive gas exists in the ambient air in the warehouse. Under the conditions above, the storage period shall be no more than three years since the manufacturing date.

10. Installation Direction of Circuit Breaker

SN	Name	Specification	3P Quantity/Set	4P Quantity/Set
1	Cross small pan-head screw	M6×75	4	6
2	Hexagon nut	M6	4	6
3	Spring washer	6	4	6
4	Plain washer	6	8	12
5	Plug	——	6	8
6	Phase partition	——	4	6

11. Circuit Breaker Notes

1) Various characteristics and accessories of the circuit breaker are set in the factory. The circuit breaker, tripping unit or other accessories can only be adjusted, installed and maintained by the trained or qualified professionals according to the parameter requirements of the line design;

2) Ensure that the power supply is off before installing or removing any device;

3) The circuit breaker handle can be located in three positions, indicating three states: on, off and free tripping. When the handle is in the free tripping position, pull the handle in the off direction when the circuit breaker is connected and on.