

Shanghai Liangxin Electrical Co., Ltd.

NDM3Z-125 Product Specification

(IPD-ENG-DEV-T20 A1 2016-09-23)

Prepared by	孙兰萍	Date	2021-09-29
Reviewed by	肖柏桃	Date	2021-09-30
Countersigned by	梅阳	Date	2021-09-30
Approved by	丁飞	Date	2021-09-30

Revision History					
Version	Revision Reason/Content	Implementati on Date	Prepared by	Reviewe d by	Approve d by
0	Newly added	2020/10/28	Sun Lanping	Xiao Botao	Ding Fei
1	Update the product appearance picture and product dimension outline drawing	2021/09/30	Sun Lanping	Xiao Botao	Ding Fei

1. Applicable Scope and Purpose of Circuit Breaker

The NDM3Z-125 DC molded case circuit breaker (hereinafter referred to as circuit breaker) applies to the DC system application environment and the electric circuit with the working voltage of DC1000V and the working current of 125A. With the overload, short circuit and undervoltage protection functions, the circuit breaker can protect lines and power equipment from damage.

2. Product Picture of Circuit Breaker (The picture is for reference only; the specific kind prevail)



Picture of the Product

3. Specification and Model Description of Circuit Breaker

<u>ND</u> 1	<u>M</u> 2	<u>3</u> 3	<u>Z</u> - <u>125</u> 4 5	<u>□</u> 6	<u>□</u> 7	<u>□</u> / <u>□</u> 8 9	<u>□</u> 10	<u>□</u> 11	<u>□</u> 12	<u>□</u> 13
SN	SN name	NDM3Z								
1	Enterprise code	ND: "Nader" low-voltage apparatus								
2	Product code	M: Molded case circuit breaker (MCCB)								
3	Design SN	3								
4	Derived code of	Z: DC								
5	Shell frame level	125								
6	Derived code of	No code: Conventional type								
7	Breaking	No code: Normal product								
8	Operation mode	No code: Direct handle-operated mode								
		P: Motor-operated								
		Z: Rotation handle								
9	Number of poles	2, 3, 4								
10	Release code	0: Release (none)								
		2: Instantaneous tripper only								
		3: Complex tripper								
11	Accessory code	See Table 1								
12	Rated current	See Table 2								
13	Cabling type	2P No code: Normal product								
		3P No code: Normal product, J0								
		4P: J0, J1, J2								

Table 1: Comparison Table of Accessory Code:

Accessory code		Accessory name	Model		
			NDM3Z-125		
		Installation Position		Number of poles	
				2	3
				4	
00		N/A		—	
10		Shunt release			
20		Dual-auxiliary contact			
21		Single auxiliary contact			
30		Under-voltage release			
40		Shunt release, dual-auxiliary contact			
41		Shunt release, single auxiliary contact			
50		Shunt release, under-voltage release			
60		Two sets of dual-auxiliary contacts			
61		Two sets of single auxiliary contacts			
62		Dual-auxiliary contact, single auxiliary contact			
70		Under-voltage release, dual-auxiliary contact			
71		Under-voltage release, single auxiliary contact			
08		Alarm contact			
18		Shunt release, alarm contact			
28		Dual-auxiliary contact, alarm contact			
38		Under-voltage release, alarm contact			
48		Shunt release, auxiliary alarm contact			
58		Auxiliary alarm contact			
68		Dual-auxiliary contact, auxiliary alarm contact			
78		Under-voltage release, auxiliary alarm contact			

4. Main Technical Parameters of Circuit Breaker

Table 2 Main Technical Parameters of Circuit Breaker

Model		NDM3Z-125		
Rated current of frame Inm (A)		125		
Rated current In (A)		16, 20, 25, 32, 40, 50, 63, 80, 100, 125		
Rated insulation voltage Ui (AC V)		1000		
Rated impulse withstand voltage Uimp (V)		8000		
Power frequency withstand voltage U (1min) (V)		3500		
Utilization category		A		
Number of poles		2	3	4
Rated working voltage Ue (DC V)		500	750	1000
Rated limit short-circuit breaking capacity Icu (kA)		20	20	20
Rated operating short-circuit breaking capacity Ics (kA)		20	20	20
Operating performance (times)	Electrical life		5000	
	Mechanical life	Maintainable free life	20000	
		Maintainable life	40000	

4.1 Selection of the circuit breaker connecting bus or cable cross-section area:

Table 3 Selection of the NDM3Z-125 Connecting Bus or Cable Cross-section Area

Rated current (A)	16, 20	25	32	40, 50	63	80	100	125
Wire cross-section area (mm ²)	2.5	4.0	6.0	10	16	25	35	50

4.2 Tightening Torque of the Circuit Breaker Terminal and Mounting Screw

Table 4 Tightening Torque of the Circuit Breaker Terminal and Mounting Screw

Model	Thread diameter (mm)	Torque (N·m)
NDM3Z-125	M8	12
	M4	2.4

4.3 Derating factor of temperature change for the circuit breaker

Table 5 Derating Factor Table of Temperature Change for the Circuit Breaker

Model	Derating factor of product temperature change							
NDM3Z-125	Temperature (°C)	40	45	50	55	60	65	70
	Derating factor	1	1	1	0.96	0.91	0.85	0.78

Note: 1) When the operating ambient temperature is below 50°C, the product can be used normally without derating capacity.

2) The above derating factors are measured at the frame current.

4.4 High-altitude derating factor of the circuit breaker

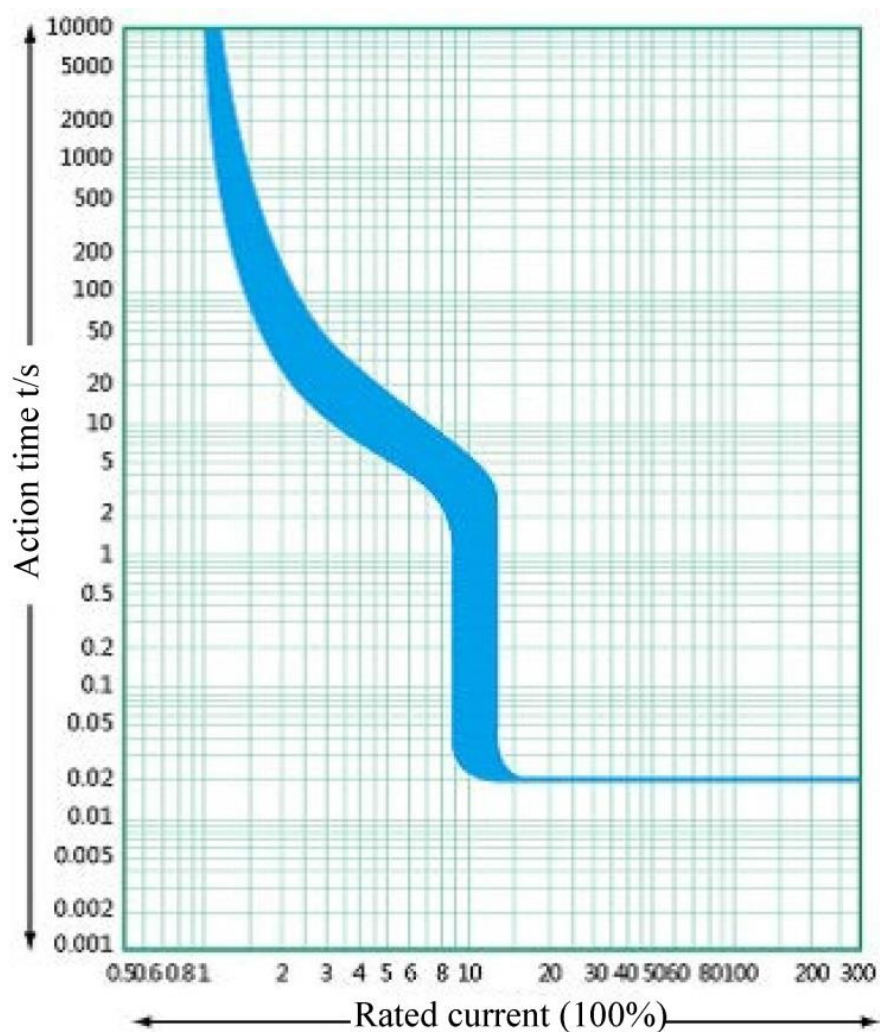
Table 6 High-altitude Derating Factor Table of Circuit Breaker

Elevation (m)	Working current correction coefficient	Maximum working current correction coefficient (V)	Power frequency withstand voltage correction coefficient (V)	Isolation voltage correction coefficient (V)
2000	1	1	1	1
2500	1	1	1	1
3000	0.98	1	1	1
3500	0.95	1	1	1
4000	0.93	1	1	1
4500	0.91	1	1	1
5000	0.89	1	1	1

5. Normal Working Environment of Circuit Breaker

- 1) The altitude of the installation site doesn't exceed 2,500m. See the "High-altitude Derating Factor Table of Circuit Breaker" for the derating factor at the altitude;
- 2) The ambient temperature is $-35^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +70^{\circ}\text{C}$; the average within 24 h shall not be more than $+35^{\circ}\text{C}$. If the ambient temperature is higher than $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$, the user needs to reduce the capacity. See the "Derating Factor Table of Temperature Change for the Circuit Breaker" for the derating factor;
- 3) Its relative humidity at an ambient temperature of $+40^{\circ}\text{C}$ should not exceed 50%. A higher relative humidity is allowed at a lower temperature. For example, the relative humidity at 20°C can reach 90%; for frost due to temperature change, the corresponding measures should be taken;
- 4) The product can withstand the effects of wet air, salt mist, oil mist and mould;
- 5) The installation category of the circuit breaker connected to the main loop is: Category III (power distribution and control level), The installation category of the circuit breaker not connected to the main loop is: Category II (load level);
- 6) The pollution level is Level 3;
- 7) The product should be installed in places that are free from explosive media, media corrosive to metal, insulation damaging gas, and conductive dust, which should be also avoided from snow and rain;
- 8) In case of stricter user conditions than the above description, negotiate with the manufacturer.

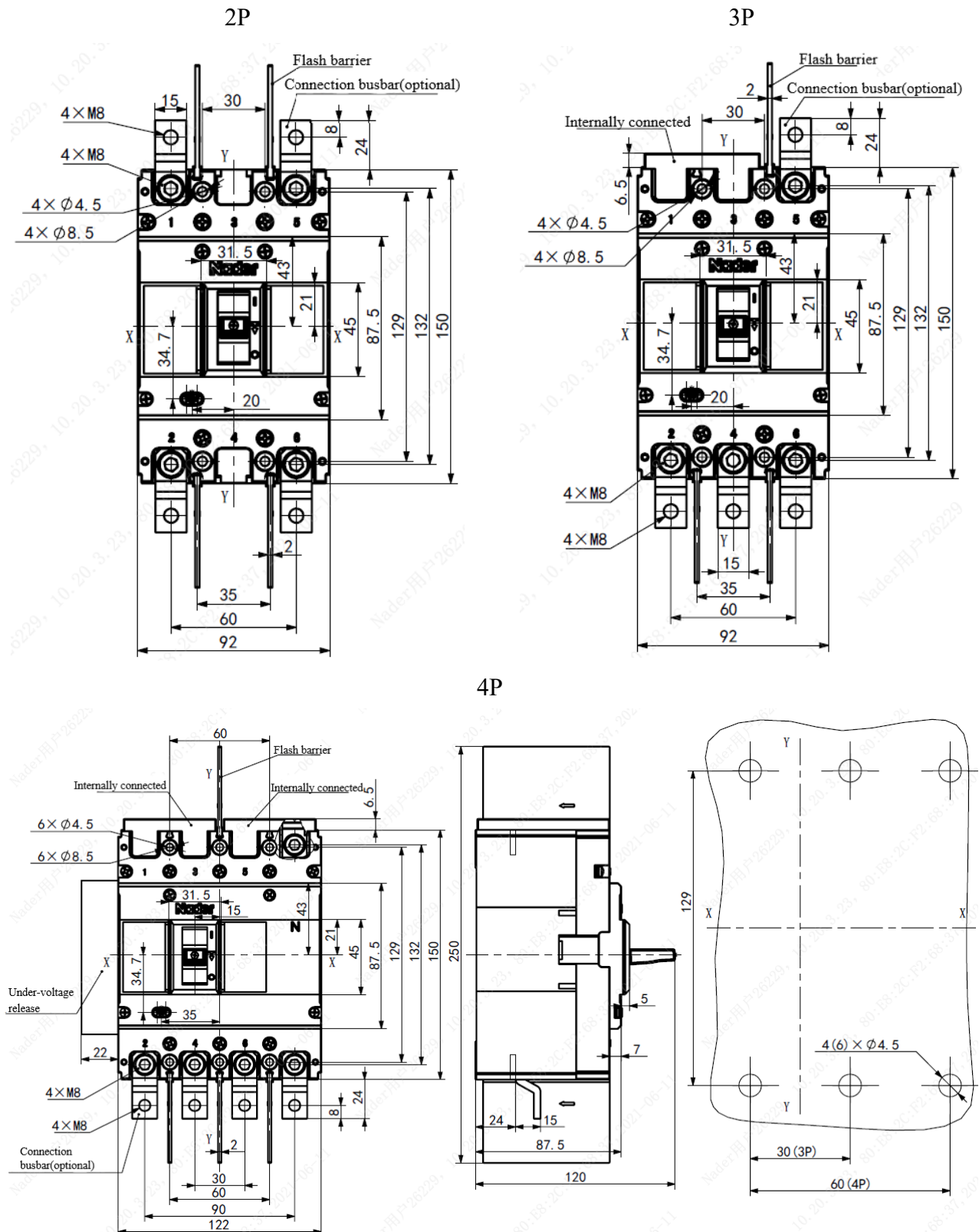
6. Short-circuit Overload Protection Characteristic Curve of Circuit Breaker



Time/Current Characteristic Curve

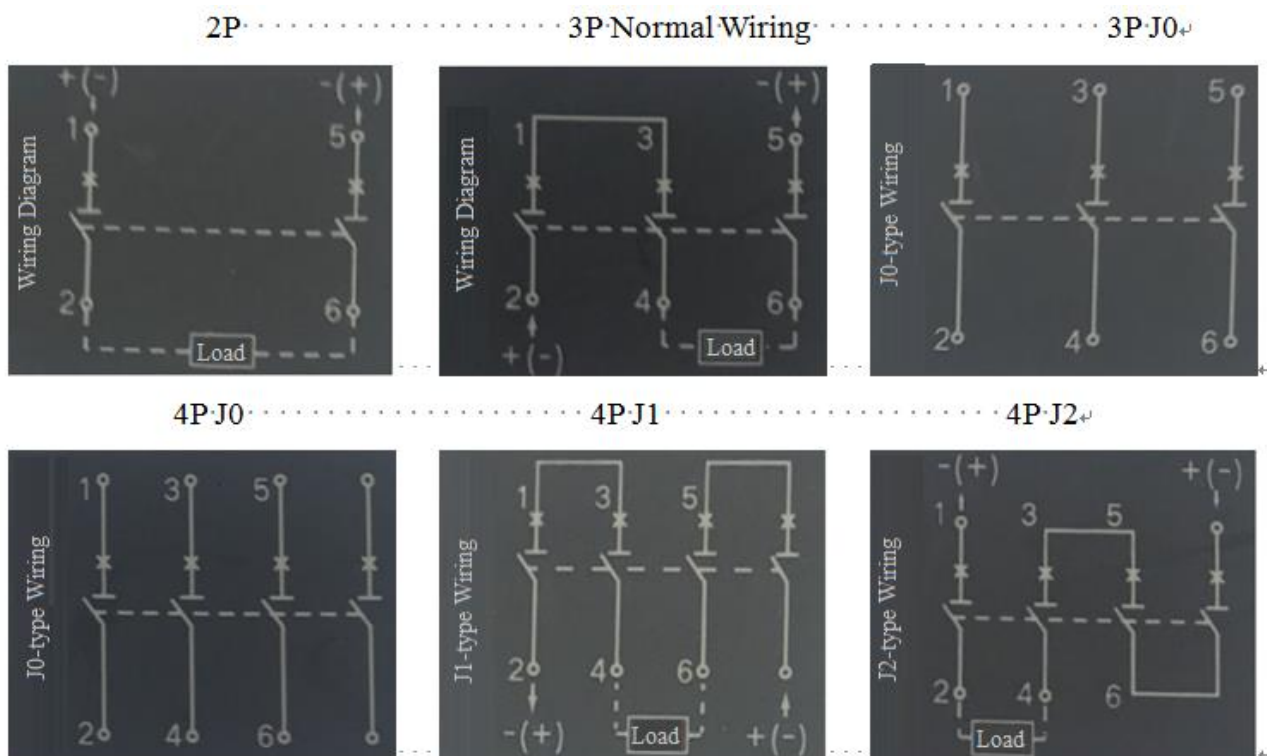
7. Outline, Mounting Hole Dimensions and Safety Distance of Circuit Breaker

7.1 Outline and mounting hole dimensions of circuit breaker



Note: The limit deviation not indicated with the tolerance dimensions is as per GB/T 1804-c.

7.2 Wiring Diagram of Circuit Breaker



7.2 Safe mounting distance of circuit breaker

Table 7 Insulation Distance Mounted in the Metal Cabinet (Unit: mm)

Mounting distance	A (inlet wire end to the cabinet face)		B (distance from side to the cabinet face)	C (outlet wire end to the cabinet face)
Model	With a terminal cover	Without a terminal cover		
NDM3Z-125	25	65	30	30

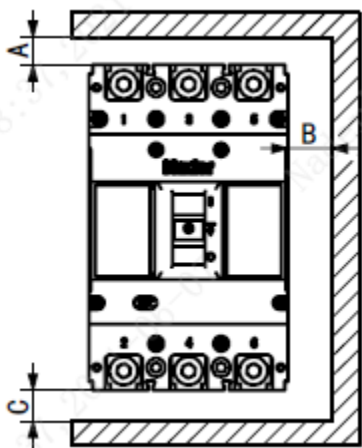


Table 8 Minimum Center Distance between Rowed Circuit Breakers (Unit: mm)

Model	Width of circuit breaker		I Center distance	
	3 poles	4 poles	3 poles	4 poles
NDM3Z-125	92	122	122	152

Note: Check the connected busbar or cable during rowing or stacking of the circuit breaker to ensure that the air insulation distance won't be reduced.

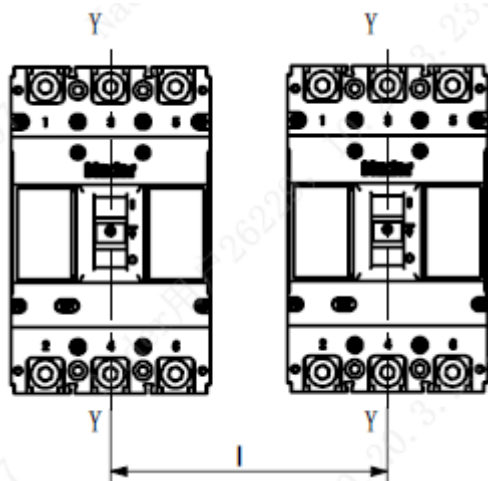


Table 9 Minimum Center Distance between Stacked Circuit Breakers (Unit: mm)

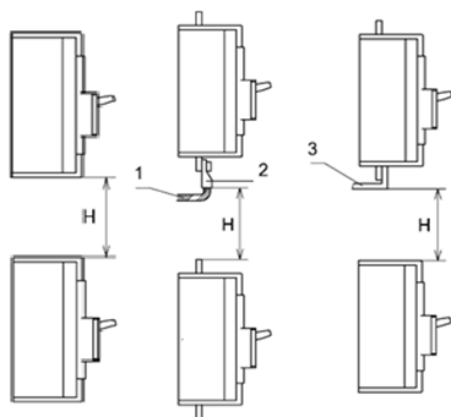
Model	H (distance of circuit breaker from bottom)	
	With a terminal cover	Without a terminal cover
NDM3Z-125	90	91

Note: 1) Bare cable connection

2) Cable insulating connection

3) Connection without insulation

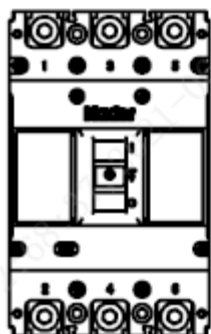
Requirements: Check whether the terminal cover or phase partition is assembled properly before products are energized.



8. Installation Direction of Circuit Breaker

For vertical installation of the product, the gradient between the installation surface and the vertical plane is no more than $\pm 22.5^\circ$.

Horizontal installation of the product.



Vertical Installation



Horizontal Installation

9. Packaging and Storage of Circuit Breaker

Minimum packaging quantity: 1 piece/box. The packaged products should be stored in a warehouse with the air ventilation and the relative humidity no more than 80% when the ambient temperature is $-40^\circ\text{C}\sim+75^\circ\text{C}$. No acidic alkaline or other corrosive gas exists in the ambient air in the warehouse. Under the conditions above, the storage period shall be no more than three years since the manufacturing date.

10. Installation Direction of Circuit Breaker

SN	Name	Specificati on	2P Quantity/S et	3P Quantity/Set		4P Quantity/Set	
				Conven tional	J0	J0	J1/J2
1	Cross small pan-head screw	M4×45	4	4	4	6	6
2	Hexagon nut	M4	4	4	4	6	6
3	Spring washer	4	4	4	4	6	6
4	Plain washer	4	4	4	4	6	6
5	Phase partition	——	4	3	4	6	4

11. Circuit Breaker Notes

- 1) Various characteristics and accessories of the circuit breaker are set in the factory. The circuit breaker, tripping unit or other accessories can only be adjusted, installed and maintained by the trained or qualified professionals according to the parameter requirements of the line design;
- 2) Ensure that the power supply is off before installing or removing any device;
- 3) The circuit breaker handle can be located in three positions, indicating three states: on, off and free tripping. When the handle is in the free tripping position, pull the handle in the off direction when the circuit breaker is connected and on.